



STANLEY MALAMED, DDS

Doctor Malamed was born and raised in the Bronx, New York, graduating from the New York University College of Dentistry in 1969. He then completed a dental internship and residency in anesthesiology at Montefiore Hospital and Medical Center in the Bronx, New York before serving for 2 years in the U.S. Army Dental Corps at Ft. Knox, Kentucky. In 1973, Doctor Malamed joined the faculty of the Herman Ostrow School of Dentistry of U.S.C., in Los Angeles, where today he is Professor of Anesthesia & Medicine. Dr. Malamed is a Diplomate of the American Dental Board of Anesthesiology, as well as a recipient of the Heidebrink Award [1996] from the American Dental Society of Anesthesiology and the Horace Wells Award from the International Federation of Dental Anesthesia Societies, 1997 (IFDAS).

Doctor Malamed has authored more than 140 scientific papers and 17 chapters in various medical and dental journals and textbooks in the areas of physical evaluation, emergency medicine, local anesthesia, sedation and general anesthesia. In addition, Dr. Malamed is the author of three widely used textbooks, published by CV Mosby: Handbook of Medical Emergencies in the Dental Office (6th edition 2007); Handbook of Local Anesthesia (6th edition 2011); and Sedation - a guide to patient management (5th edition 2010) and two interactive DVD's: Emergency Medicine (2nd edition, 2008) and Malamed's Local Anesthetic Technique DVD (2004)

Dental Emergencies: Respiratory Distress and Drug Related Emergencies

Instructor: Stanley Malamed, DDS
Short Course: 10CEs CBDE
Format: Video
Delivery: mp4 Download or DVD Via Mail
Course Price: \$485
Register: (866) 611-5599 or www.AmericanSeminar.com

COURSE OBJECTIVE

After completing this course the participant will have a better understanding and knowledge of the following:

- ◆ Three causes of respiratory distress in the dental environment: Asthma, Acute Bronchospasm and Hyperventilation
- ◆ Differences in the anatomy of the trachea in adults vs. young children
- ◆ Management of the obstructed airway in adults and in young children
- ◆ Three categories of adverse drug reaction
- ◆ Differentiation between allergy and overdose
- ◆ Identify the major chemicals released in the allergic reaction
- ◆ Anaphylactic reaction and management of
- ◆ Clinical actions of histamine
- ◆ Management of allergic skin reactions
- ◆ Common allergens inducing anaphylaxis
- ◆ The target organs for local anesthetics and sedative agents
- ◆ Signs, symptoms and management of a local anesthetic overdose
- ◆ Signs, symptoms and management of a sedative overdose

COURSE TOPICS on page 2



COURSE TOPICS

DRSP-01-01: Respiratory Distress: Asthma, Acute Bronchospasm, and Hyperventilation

Three causes of respiratory distress in the dental environment: Asthma, Acute Bronchospasm, and Hyperventilation.

DRSP-01-02: Respiratory Distress: Anatomy of the Trachea in Adults vs. Young Children

Differences in the anatomy of the trachea in adults vs. young children.

DRSP-01-03: Respiratory Distress: Management of the Obstructive Airway

Management of the obstructed airway in adults and in young children.

DRSP-01-04: Allergy: Adverse Drug Reaction

Three categories of adverse drug reaction.

DRSP-01-05: Allergy vs. Overdose

Differentiation between allergy and overdose.

DRSP-01-06: Allergy: Major Chemicals Released in the Allergic Reaction

Identify the major chemicals released in the allergic reaction.

DRSP-01-07: Allergy: Anaphylactic Reaction

Anaphylactic reaction and management of respiratory distress and drug related emergencies.

DRSP-01-08: Allergy: Clinical Actions of Histamine

Clinical actions of histamine.

DRSP-01-09: Allergy: Allergic Skin Reactions

Management of allergic skin reactions.

DRSP-01-10: Allergy: Allergens Inducing Anaphylaxis

Common allergens inducing anaphylaxis.

DRSP-01-11: Overdose: Target Organs for Local Anesthetics and Sedative Agents

The target organs for local anesthetics and sedative agents.

DRSP-01-12: Overdose: Local Anesthetic Overdose

Signs, symptoms, and management of a local anesthetic overdose.

DRSP-01-13: Overdose: Sedative Overdose

Signs, symptoms, and management of sedative overdose.