Infectious Disease Review

Price: Full - $580 / Short - $485
Register: (866) 611-5599 or www.americanseminar.com
*Special Association accreditation may vary. See website.

Update on Immunizations - Paul Pottinger, MD
and James H. Conway, MD
Implement recommendations from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices; Address the reasons offered by individuals for avoiding immunization; Choose the appropriate vaccination schedule for pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine and pneumo-coccal conjugate vaccine in individuals 65 yr of age; Identify vaccines indicated and contraindicated in pregnancy; Explain the poor compliance rate associated with human papillomavirus vaccines. QUALIFIES FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE
IM 63 - 22

Nasty Pathogens: Lyme Disease/Dengue/Chikungunya - Jay V. Solnick, MD and Harold S. Margolis, MD
Explain the pathophysiology and history of LD; Evaluate patients with signs and symptoms of LD; Review controversies surrounding posttreatment Lyme disease syndrome; Summarize the presentation, diagnosis, and treatment of dengue infection; Outline the clinical manifestations of chikungunya. QUALIFIES FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE
FP 64 - 23

Update on GI Infections - Robert G. Martindale, MD
Choose appropriate laboratory tests to differentiate between colonization and infection by C difficile; Summarize methods for preventing the transmission of C difficile infection; Elaborate on strategies for treating initial and recurrent C difficile infections; Explain local defense mechanisms for intra-abdominal infections and factors that affect peritoneal response; Develop treatment strategies for peritonitis based on the predicted pathogen and presence of perforation or foreign bodies. QUALIFIES FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE
GE 30 - 12

Infection Control in Hospitals - Richard P. Wenzel, MD, Michael B. Edmond, MD and Dr. Edmond
Describe the roles of the skin and nasal microbiomes in the development of surgical site infections (SSIs); Improve control of the microbiome to decrease the risk for SSIs; Adopt a horizontal approach to prevention of infections; Apply the results of studies on the benefits and drawbacks of contact precautions; Evaluate the usefulness of preventing catheter-associated urinary tract infections. QUALIFIES FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE
IM 63 - 26

Topics in Infectious Disease - Norah A. Terrault, MD and Daniel K. Shirley, MD
List the phases of CHBV infection; Choose the appropriate therapy for a patient with CHBV infection; Manage a patient with e-antigen-positive CHB seroconverting to anti-HBe on treatment; Recommend a useful test for a patient with suspected penicillin allergy; Recognize allergic reactions to antibiotics. QUALIFIES FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE
IM 63 - 28

Otitis Media and Sinusitis: Clinical Practice Guidelines - Christopher J. Harrison, MD
Distinguish acute bacterial rhinosinusitis from uncomplicated upper respiratory infection; Distinguish acute otitis media from otitis media with effusion; Determine which patients with acute bacterial rhinosinusitis or acute otitis media require antibiotics; Identify patients with acute bacterial rhinosinusitis or acute otitis media who can be observed without antibiotics; Choose an antibiotic for the treatment of acute bacterial rhinosinusitis or acute otitis media with the narrowest possible spectrum. QUALIFIES FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE
PD 62 - 25
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**Infectious Disease Consultation - Jeffrey M. Bender, MD**
Define the risk factors for infection with Staphylococcus aureus; Recognize the implications of antibiotic resistance in Staphylococcus aureus; Manage patients with skin and soft tissue infections caused by methicillin-resistant S. aureus and other organisms; Identify the organisms that are most likely to cause fever in infants; Describe the testing and treatment regimens for bacteria and viruses that cause fever in infants.
QUALIFIES FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE
PD 62 - 45

**Pediatric Otitis Media and Sinusitis: Clinical Practice Guidelines - Christopher J. Harrison, MD**
Distinguish acute bacterial rhinosinusitis from uncomplicated upper respiratory infection; Distinguish acute otitis media from otitis media with effusion; Determine which patients with acute bacterial rhinosinusitis or acute otitis media require antibiotics; Identify patients with acute bacterial rhinosinusitis or acute otitis media who can be observed without antibiotics; Choose an antibiotic for the treatment of acute bacterial rhinosinusitis or acute otitis media with the narrowest possible spectrum.
QUALIFIES FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE
OT 50 - 01

**Infectious Diseases: Keys to Better Management - George C. Mejicano, MD**
Select appropriate treatment of syphilis, based on clinical staging; Recognize symptoms and clinical findings of nocardiosis and anaplasmosis; Provide appropriate treatment of listeriosis, Q fever, and leptospirosis; Identify viral causes of rash, such as fifth disease, measles, and scarlet fever; Distinguish among clinical manifestations of roseola, rubella, and varicella zoster virus infection.
QUALIFIES FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASE
FP 65 - 04

**Deep Soft Tissue Infections/Sepsis - James V. Harmon Jr, MD and Lekshmi Santhosh, MD**
Choose appropriate imaging tests as adjuncts in the diagnosis of DSTI; Recommend adequate fluid resuscitation, appropriate antibiotics, and emergent surgical consultation for the management of DSTIs; Cite recent changes to the Third International Consensus Definitions for Sepsis and Septic Shock; Adopt a head-to-toe approach to identify the source of infection in sepsis; Predict prognosis and outcomes in patients with sepsis using the Sepsis-related Organ Failure Assessment (SOFA) and quickSOFA (qSOFA).
IM 64 - 06

P.O. Box 1400 Carbondale, CO 81623 970-963-1000 Fax 970-963-9112 asi@americanseminar.com
www.americanseminar.com